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Accuracy Assessment of Classified Maps Derived from High and Midspatial Resolution Multispectral Data

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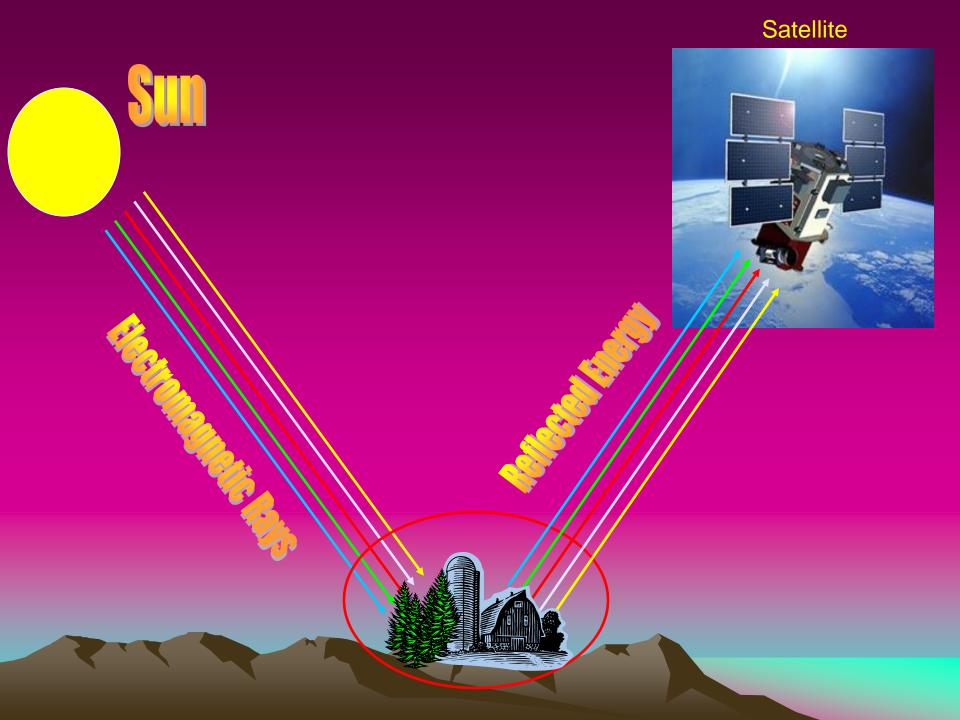
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ACCURACY ASSESSMENT OF CLASSIFIED MAPS DERIVED FROM HIGH AND MIDSPATIAL RESOLUTION MULTISPECTRAL DATA

Daniel Unger, Associate Professor of Spatial Science Sean O'Melveny, Research Assistant Arthur Temple College of Forestry and Agriculture Stephen F. Austin State University Nacogdoches, Texas Introduction
Objectives
Methods
Results
Conclusions



Satellite Image





Image



Digital Numbers

35	35	58	63	46	41	49	40
71	71	76	71	58	51	40	31
85	89	84	83	73	49	44	42
95	100	95	101	88	62	64	67
96	108	102	101	98	88	89	92
107	98	100	109	96	96	102	91
114	103	104	104	105	104	94	94
104	103	104	104	105	94	94	94
106	105	96	96	96	95	103	104
106	114	115	106	105	94	102	94
116	114	115	106	105	103	93	94
119	118	110	116	116	111	93	93

Blue

15	15	24	32	24	15	16	13
27	28	32	32	24	24	21	17
37	36	34	45	37	20	19	17
44	49	45	53	46	31	30	36
42	46	45	44	46	32	40	38
53	42	44	52	43	42	41	47
53	51	49	50	45	42	49	48
52	43	45	46	46	43	48	48
50	45	45	46	52	43	48	48
51	48	48	47	50	45	47	47
53	50	50	49	49	47	38	47

Green

66 81 99 100 71 91 105 57 70 95 52 91 90 100 102 103 108 108 100 109 60 57 76 92 102 93 100 101 42 62 79 97 100 104 101 35 60 83 101 101 104 110 101 92 92 109 109 100 106 116 107 108 99 108 110 105 107 108 109 110

Red

Digital Numbers

35	35	58	63	46	41	49	40
71	71	76	71	58	51	40	31
85	89	84	83	73	49	44	42
95	100	95	101	88	62	64	67
96	108	102	101	98	88	89	92
107	98	100	109	96	96	102	91
114	103	104	104	105	104	94	94
104	103	104	104	105	94	94	94
106	105	96	96	96	95	103	104
106	114	115	106	105	94	102	94
116	114	115	106	105	103	93	94
119	118	110	116	116	111	93	93

В	l	u	е









71 91 38 60 20 35 60 83 101 101 104 110 42 62 79 97 100 76 92 102 93 100 108

Red

How Accurate?

Comparing Satellite Imagery Visually within the Hayter Estate







Introduction
Objectives
Methods
Results
Conclusions

Objectives

- 1. Determine the accuracy of Landsat 7 ETM+, SPOT 4, and QuickBird sensors in classifying land cover.
- 2. To compare the ability of Landsat 7
 ETM+, SPOT 4, and QuickBird to
 differentiate land cover types in an urban
 environment versus a rural environment.

Hypothesis

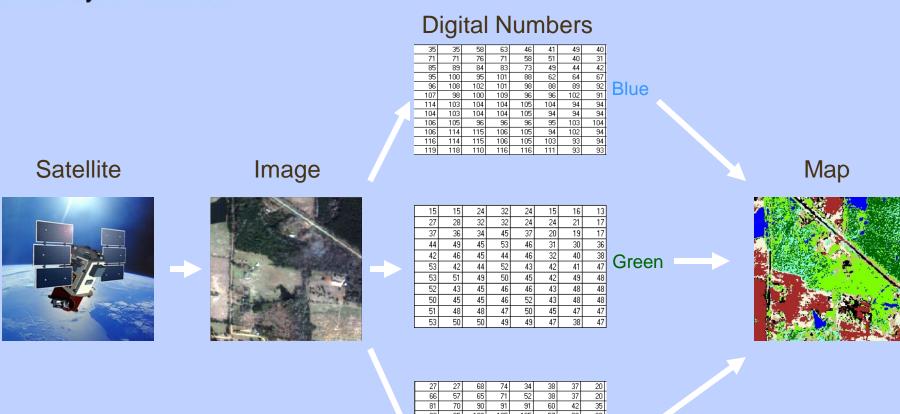
1. As the spatial resolution of digital images increases the accuracy of classification in urban areas should increase.

2. As the spatial resolution of digital images increases the accuracy of classification in rural areas should decrease.

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Location of Study Areas Hayter Estate City of Nacogdoches





83 101 101

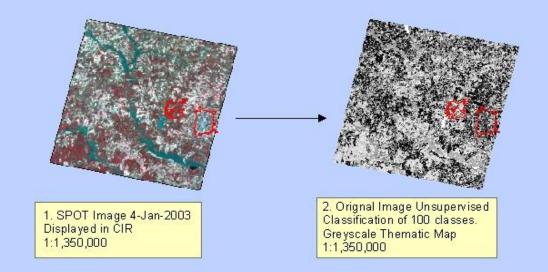
101

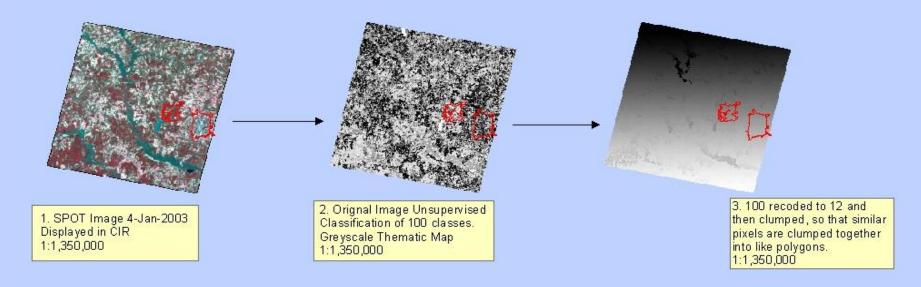
106 108

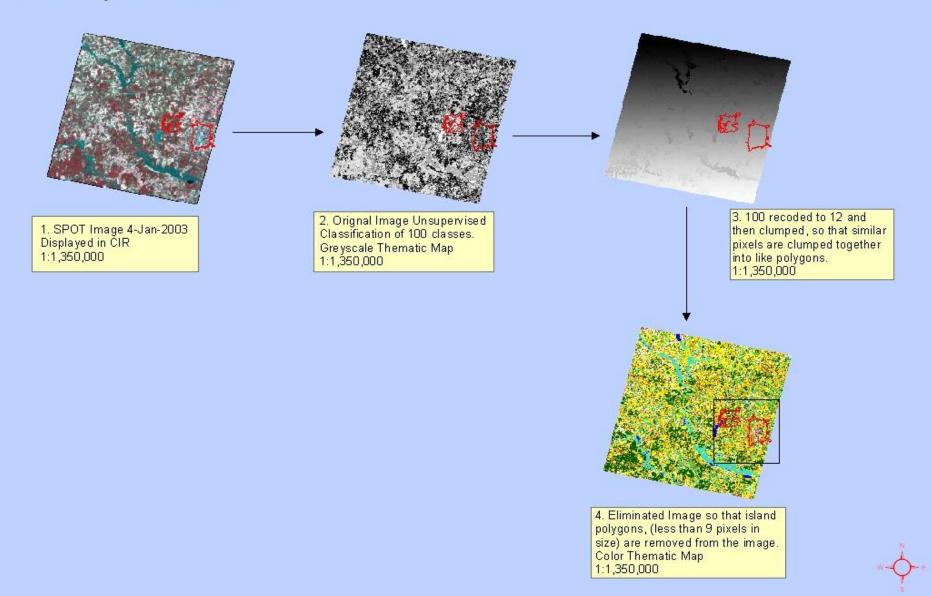
Red

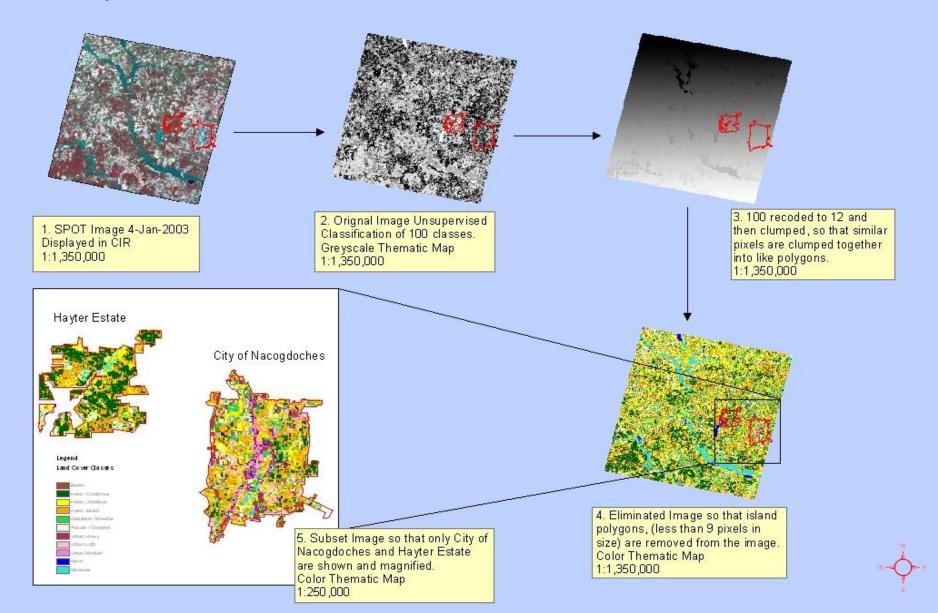


1. SPOT Image 4-Jan-2003 Displayed in CIR 1:1,350,000

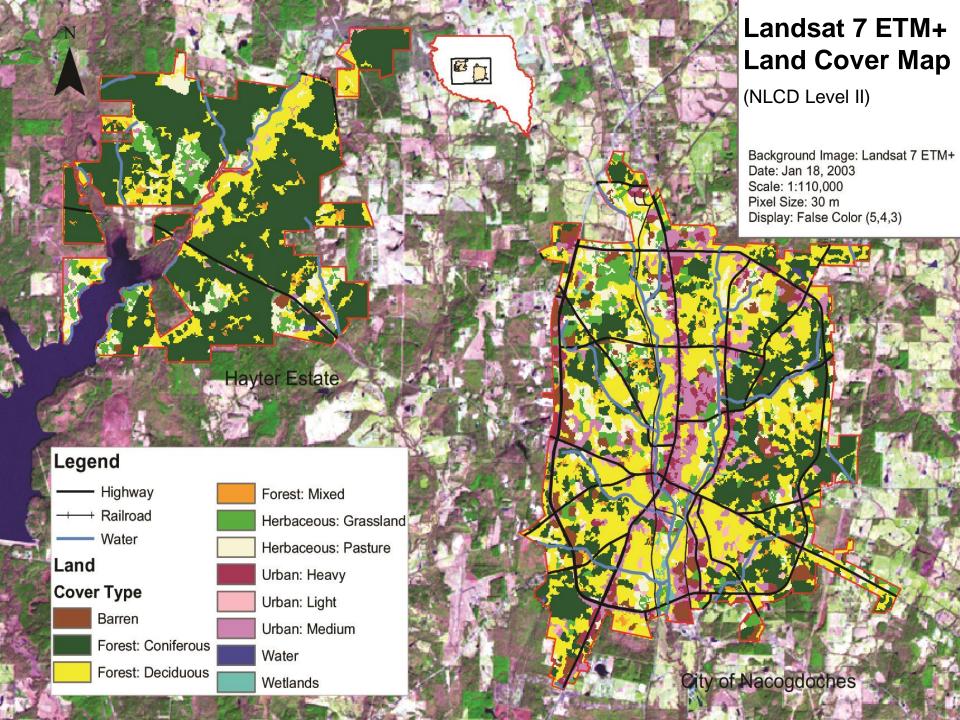


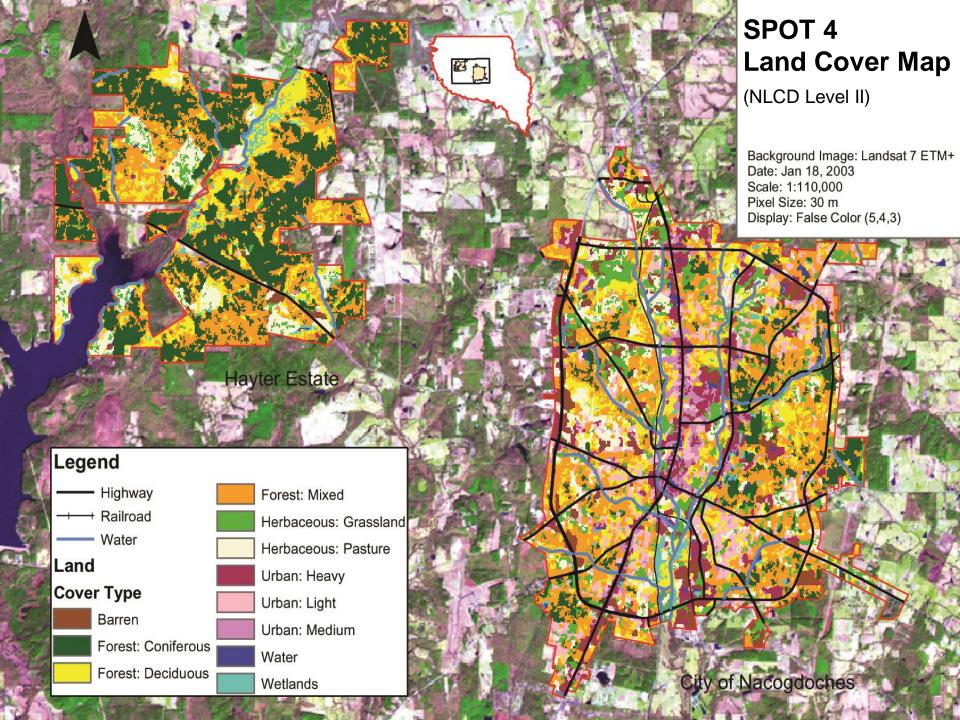


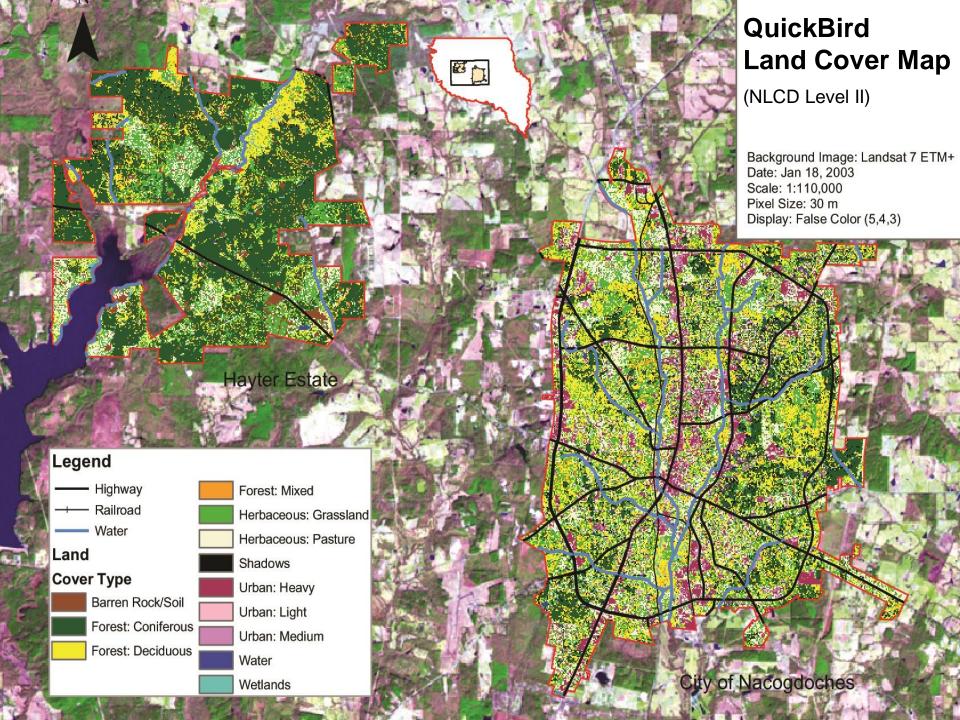




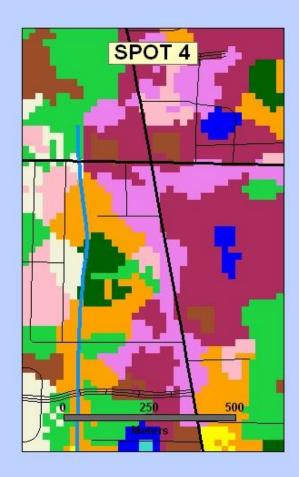
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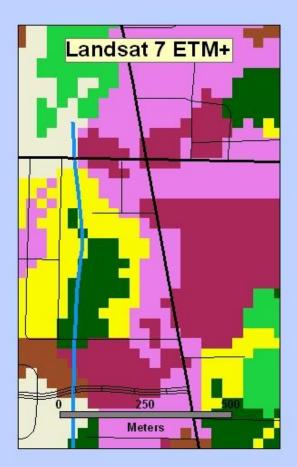






Comparison of Land Cover Maps within the City of Nacogdoches





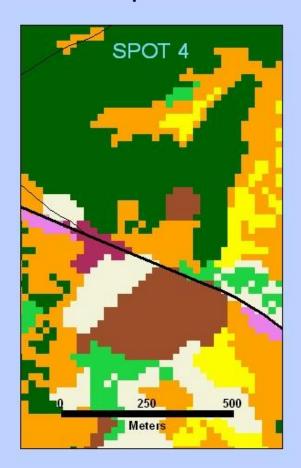






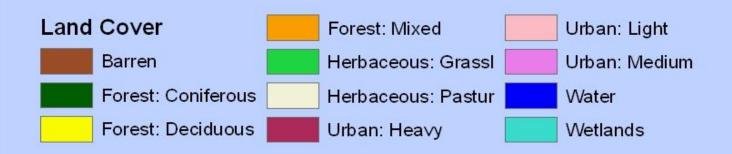


Comparison of Land Cover Maps within the Hayter Estate











Accuracy of Classification

 Classification Categories using National Land Cover Data (NLCD) Level II.

Land Cover Definitions representing east Texas from the NLCD 2000 Classification

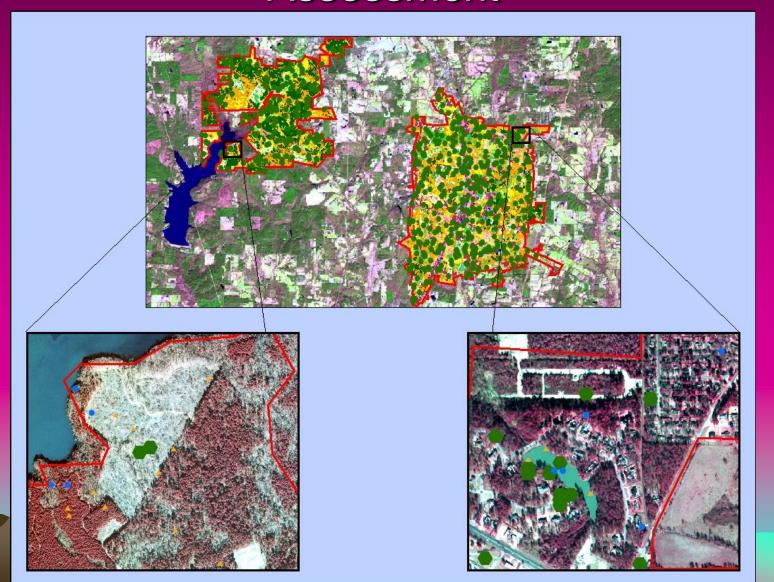
- 1. Water
- 2. Forest: Coniferous
- 3. Forest: Deciduous
- 4. Forest: Mixed
- 5. Herbaceous: Grassland
- 6. Herbaceous: Pasture

- 7. Barren
- 8. Urban: Light
- 9. Urban: Medium
- 10. Urban: Heavy
- 11. Wetlands
- 12. Other

Accuracy of Classification

- Comparison of Ground Control Points to Classified Map
 - 576 control points for each satellite scene over the entire study area.
 - Control points located using a stratified random sample scheme.
 - One meter digital aerial photos for reference data source (acquisition date January 1, 2003).

Location of Control Points for Accuracy Assessment



34.5%

30.8%

Null hypothesis: K=0. If Z >= 1.96 then reject null hypothesis.

REFERENCE (1)

27.3%

33.7%

55.6%

50.0%

26.8%

SPOT 4 Accuracy Assessment: Determined from 576 stratified random points, using NLCD 2000 Level II Classification.

54.8%

Forest: Mixed

Herbaceous:

Grassland Herbaceous:

Pasture

Barren

Urban:

Medium

Wetlands

(2)

Urban: Light

Urban: Heavy

Total

Producers

Accuracy

Total Points

Z-Statistic

60.7%

52.9%

1.6057369 Do not reject

53.4%

52.9%

Accuracy

Total Points

Z-Statistic

60.7%

53.4%

													the second second	
		Water	Forest: Coniferous	Forest: Deciduous	Forest: Mixed	Herbaceous: Grassland	Herbaceous: Pasture	Barren	Urban: Light	Urban: Medium	Urban: Heavy	Wetlands	Total	Users Accuracy
	Water	9	1	1	2			1	5	4	4	3	30	30.0%
С	Forest: Coniferous		74	1	2			2	1				80	92.5%
L	Forest: Deciduous		2	31	18	4	6		5				66	47.0%
Α	Forest: Mixed		42	5	40	5	1		7			2	102	39.2%
S	Herbaceous: Grassland		1	3	2	19	16		9		1		51	37.3%
S	Herbaceous: Pasture	1		5	3	15	16	3	6		1		50	32.0%
1	Barren	1	1	2	1	5	6	6	4	3	5	2	36	16.7%
F	Urban: Light		1	1	3	2	2	5	28	3			45	62.2%
1	Urban: Medium	2		4	1	1	3	3	8	11	3	1	37	29.7%
Ε	Urban: Heavy					4	1	1	6	16	17		45	37.8%
D	Wetlands	4		5	1		1	1	4	4	3	10	33	30.3%
(2)	Total	17	122	58	73	55	52	22	83	41	34	18	261	Total Correct
	Producers	52 9%	60.7%	53.4%	54.8%	34.5%	30.8%	27.3%	33 7%	26.8%	50.0%	55.6%	Overall	45 3%

39.1%

55.6% **Overall** 33.7% 26.8% 50.0%

45.3% Kappa

576 Null hypothesis: K=0. If Z >= 1.96 then reject null hypothesis. 1.6057369 Do not reject

34.5%

30.8%

27.3%

54.8%

Mixed

Forest:

Deciduous

Herbaceous:

Grassland

Forest:

Coniferous

Water

(2)

Total

Producers

Accuracy

Total Points

Z-Statistic

576

1.6057369 Do not reject

	Water	9	1	1	2			1	5	4	4	3	30	30.0%
С	Forest: Coniferous		74	1	2			2	1				80	92.5%
	Forest: Deciduous		2	31	18	4	6		5				66	47.0%
Α	Forest: Mixed		42	5	40	5	1		7			2	102	39.2%
S	Herbaceous: Grassland		1	3	2	19	16		9		1		51	37.3%
S	Herbaceous: Pasture	1		5	3	15	16	3	6		1		50	32.0%
I	Barren	1	1	2	1	5	6	6	4	3	5	2	36	16.7%
F	Urban: Light		1	1	3	2	2	5	28	3			45	62.2%
I	Urban: Medium	2		4	1	1	3	3	8	11	3	1	37	29.7%
Ε	Urban: Heavy					4	1	1	6	16	17		45	37.8%
D	Wetlands	4		5	1		1	1	4	4	3	10	33	30.3%

Herbaceous:

Pasture

73 55 **52** 17 122 58 22 52.9% 60.7% 53.4%

54.8% 34.5% 30.8% 27.3% 33.7%

Null hypothesis: K=0. If Z >= 1.96 then reject null hypothesis.

41

26.8%

83

Kappa

34

50.0%

18

55.6%

261

Overall

Urban:

Heavy

Wetlands

Total

Urban:

Medium

Urban: Light

Barren

Users

Accuracy

Total

Correct

45.3%

39.1%

Herbaceous:

Herbaceous:

Forest:

Forest:

Total Points

Z-Statistic

576

1.6057369 Do not reject

		Water	Coniferous	Deciduous	Mixed	Grassland	Pasture	Barren	Urban: Light	Medium	Heavy	Wetlands	Total	/
	Water	9	1	1	2			1	5	4	4	3	30	
С	Forest: Coniferous		74	1	2			2	1				80	
L	Forest: Deciduous		2	31	18	4	6		5				66	
Α	Forest: Mixed		42	5	40	5	1		7			2	102	
S	Herbaceous: Grassland		1	3	2	19	16		9		1		51	
S	Herbaceous: Pasture	1		5	3	15	16	3	6		1		50	
1	Barren	1	1	2	1	5	6	6	4	3	5	2	36	
F	Urban: Light		1	1	3	2	2	5	28	3			45	
1	Urban: Medium	2		4	1	1	3	3	8	11	3	1	37	
Ε	Urban: Heavy					4	1	1	6	16	17		45	
D	Wetlands	4		5	1		1	1	4	4	3	10	33	
(2)	Total	17	122	58	73	55	52	22	83	41	34	18	261	
	Producers Accuracy	52.9%	60.7%	53.4%	54.8%	34.5%	30.8%	27.3%	33.7%	26.8%	50.0%	55.6%	Overall	
													Карра	

Null hypothesis: K=0. If Z >= 1.96 then reject null hypothesis.

Urban:

Urban:

Users

Accuracy

30.0%

92.5%

47.0%

39.2%

37.3%

32.0%

16.7%

62.2%

29.7%

37.8%

30.3%

Total Correct

45.3%

39.1%

Mixed

Forest:

Deciduous

Forest:

Coniferous

Water

D

(2)

Wetlands

Total

Producers

Accuracy

Total Points

Z-Statistic

17

52.9%

576

1.6057369 Do not reject

122

60.7%

58

53.4%

	Water	9	1	1	2			1	5	4	4	3	30	30.0%
С	Forest: Coniferous		74	1	2			2	1				80	92.5%
	Forest: Deciduous		2	31	18	4	6		5				66	47.0%
Α	Forest: Mixed		42	5	40	5	1		7			2	102	39.2%
S	Herbaceous: Grassland		1	3	2	19	16		9		1		51	37.3%
.5	Herbaceous: Pasture	1		5	3	15	16	3	6		1		50	32.0%
1	Barren	1	1	2	1	5	6	6	4	3	5	2	36	16.7%
F	Urban: Light		1	1	3	2	2	5	28	3			45	62.2%
1	Urban: Medium	2		4	1	1	3	3	8	11	3	1	37	29.7%

Herbaceous:

Pasture

Urban:

Heavy

17

3

34

50.0%

16

4

41

26.8%

Wetlands

Total

Urban:

Medium

Urban: Light

Barren

Users

Accuracy

37.8%

30.3%

Total

Correct

45.3%

39.1%

45

33

261

Overall

Kappa

10

18

55.6%

Herbaceous:

Grassland

Urban: Heavy 4 6 5 4 1 1 4

55

34.5%

52

30.8%

Null hypothesis: K=0. If Z >= 1.96 then reject null hypothesis.

22

27.3%

83

33.7%

73

54.8%

Total Points

Z-Statistic

576

1.6057369 Do not reject

		Water	Forest: Coniferous	Forest: Deciduous	Forest: Mixed	Herbaceous: Grassland	Herbaceous: Pasture	Barren	Urban: Light	Urban: Medium	Urban: Heavy	Wetlands	Total	Users Accuracy
	Water	9	1	1	2			1	5	4	4	3	30	30.0%
С	Forest: Coniferous		74	1	2			2	1				80	92.5%
L	Forest: Deciduous		2	31	18	4	6		5				66	47.0%
Α	Forest: Mixed		42	5	40	5	1		7			2	102	39.2%
S	Herbaceous: Grassland		1	3	2	19	16		9		1		51	37.3%
S	Herbaceous: Pasture	1		5	3	15	16	3	6		1		50	32.0%
1	Barren	1	1	2	1	5	6	6	4	3	5	2	36	16.7%
F	Urban: Light		1	1	3	2	2	5	28	3			45	62.2%
I	Urban: Medium	2		4	1	1	3	3	8	11	3	1	37	29.7%
Ε	Urban: Heavy					4	1	1	6	16	17		45	37.8%
D	Wetlands	4		5	1		1	1	4	4	3	10	33	30.3%
(2)	Total	17	122	58	73	55	52	22	83	41	34	18	261	Total Correct
	Producers Accuracy	52.9%	60.7%	53.4%	54.8%	34.5%	30.8%	27.3%	33.7%	26.8%	50.0%	55.6%	Overall	45.3%
													Карра	39.1%

Null hypothesis: K=0. If Z >= 1.96 then reject null hypothesis.

Accuracy of Classification

- Kappa Statistic
 - Combines Overall, Users and Producers Accuracies

$$\hat{\mathbf{K}} = \frac{N \sum_{i=1}^{r} (x_{i} - \sum_{i=1}^{r} (x_{i+} * x_{+i}))}{N^2 - \sum_{i=1}^{r} (x_{i+} * x_{+i})}$$

N is the total number of observations, r is the number of rows in the matrix, xii is the number of correct observations in each category, xi+ and x+i are the totals of each category for the rows and columns respectively.

		REFERENCE (1)												
		Water	Forest: Coniferous	Forest: Deciduous	Forest: Mixed	Herbaceous: Grassland	Herbaceous: Pasture	Barren	Urban: Light	Urban: Medium	Urban: Heavy	Wetlands	Total	Users Accuracy
	Water	9	1	1	2			1	5	4	4	3	30	30.0%
С	Forest: Coniferous		74	1	2			2	1				80	92.5%
L	Forest: Deciduous		2	31	18	4	6		5				66	47.0%
Α	Forest: Mixed		42	5	40	5	1		7			2	102	39.2%
S	Herbaceous: Grassland		1	3	2	19	16		9		1		51	37.3%
S	Herbaceous: Pasture	1		5	3	15	16	3	6		1		50	32.0%
1	Barren	1	1	2	1	5	6	6	4	3	5	2	36	16.7%
F	Urban: Light		1	1	3	2	2	5	28	3			45	62.2%
1	Urban: Medium	2		4	1	1	3	3	8	11	3	1	37	29.7%
Ε	Urban: Heavy					4	1	1	6	16	17		45	37.8%
D	Wetlands	4		5	1		1	1	4	4	3	10	33	30.3%
(2)	Total	17	122	58	73	55	52	22	83	41	34	18	261	Total Correct
	Producers Accuracy	52.9%	60.7%	53.4%	54.8%	34.5%	30.8%	27.3%	33.7%	26.8%	50.0%	55.6%	Overall	45.3%
													Kappa	39.1%
	Total Points 576 Null hypothesis: K=0. If Z >= 1.96 then reject null hypothesis. Z-Statistic 1.6057369 Do not reject													

Accuracy of Classification

- Kappa Statistic
 - Is normally distributed which allows us to conduct ztests to determine the significance:
- Of each classified map from a random classification or

$$Z = \frac{\hat{K}_1}{\sqrt{\hat{\text{var}}(\hat{K}_{1)}}}$$

Compare two classified maps

$$Z = \frac{\left|\hat{K}_1 - \hat{K}_2\right|}{\sqrt{\text{vâr}(\hat{K}_1) + \text{vâr}(\hat{K}_2)}}$$

Overall

Kappa

Z-Score

Significance

Overall

Kappa

Z-Score

Significance

Overall

Kappa

Z-Score

Significance

Kappa Statistic Significance

κ > 0.75 denotes excellent reproducibility

 $0.4 \le \kappa \le 0.75$ denotes good reproducibility

 $0 \le \kappa \le 0.4$ denotes marginal reproducibility

Α

S

S

Ε

S

N

Whole Scene

Rural

Urban

Summary of Accuracy Assessments using NLCD Level II Classification

57.2%

51.8%

4.859

Reject

73.6%

63.2%

7.172

Reject

49.6%

44.6%

1.343

Do Not Reject

Significance at alpha = 0.05, Null hypothesis: K=0. If Z >= 1.96 then reject null hypothesis.

SPOT 4

45.4%

38.9%

1.600

Do Not Reject

59.9%

45.0%

3.798

Reject

39.4%

35.6%

0.802

Do Not Reject

Overall Accuracy Signficance

Minimum Level of Accuracy at 85-90%.

QuickBird

41.0%

33.6%

1.397

Do Not Reject

50.2%

36.4%

2.527

Reject

35.6%

28.0%

0.620

Do Not Reject

Accuracy of Classification

- Since half of the scenes were not significantly different from a random pattern and
- The scenes did not meet minimum overall accuracy standards and
- The scenes did not meet good kappa reproducibility standards
- Each scene was reclassified using NLCD Level I (Phase II).

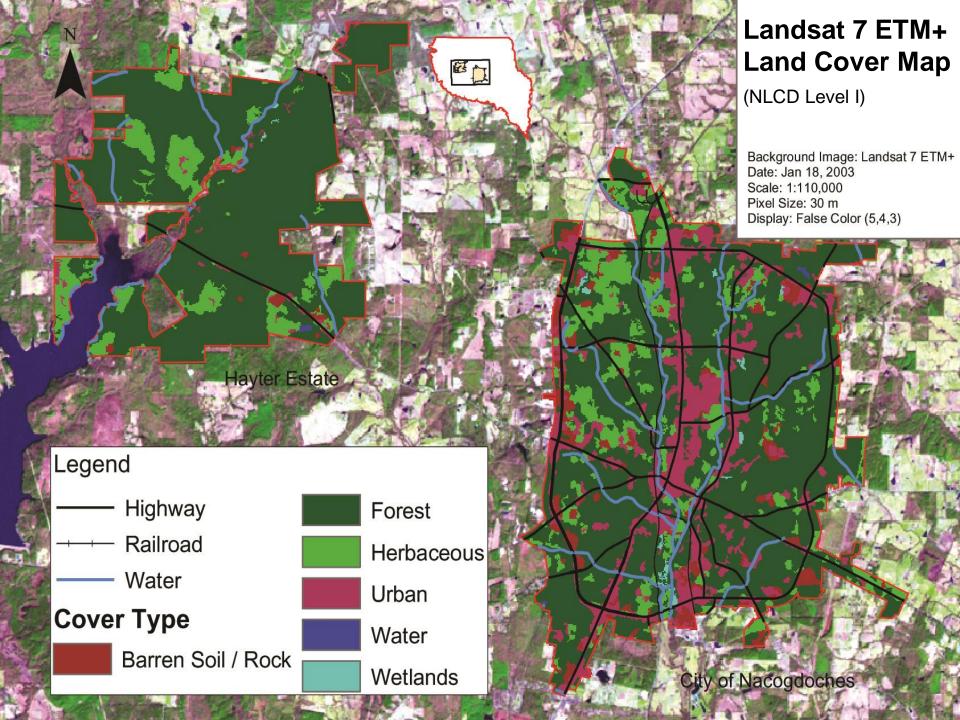
Accuracy of Classification

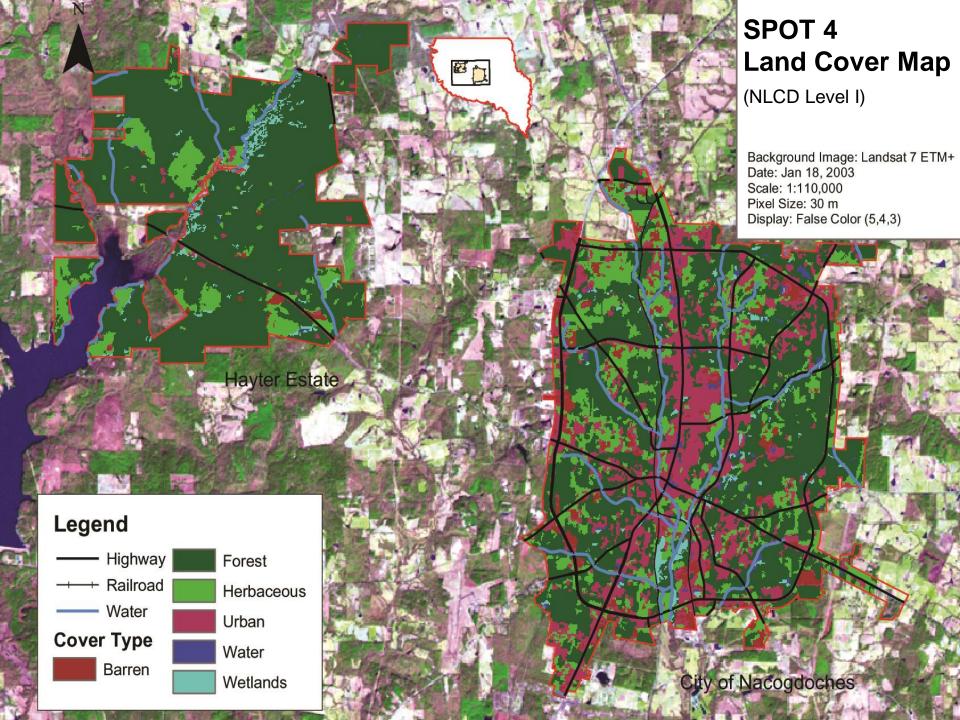
 Classification Categories using National Land Cover Data (NLCD) Level I.

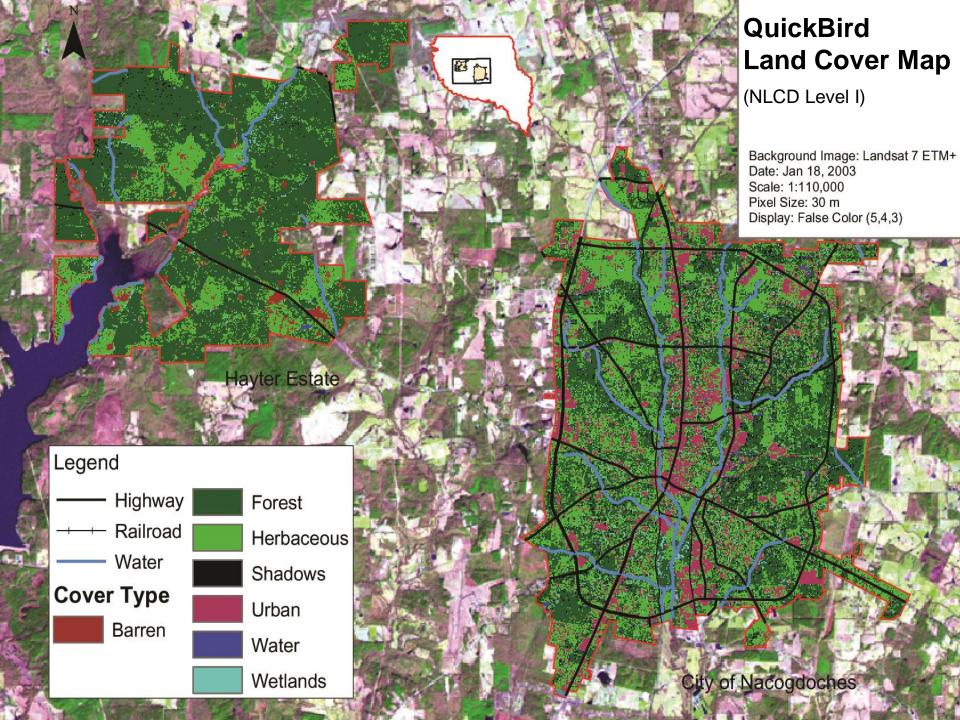
Land Cover Definitions representing east Texas from the NLCD 2000 Classification Level I

- 1. Water
- 2. Forest
- 3. Herbaceous
- 4. Barren

- 5. Urban (Developed)
- 6. Wetlands
- 7. Other







SPOT 4 Accuracy Assessment: Points within the Hayter Estate (Rural), using NLCD 2000 Level I Classification.

		REFERENCE (1)									
		Water	Forest	Herbaceous	Barren	Urban	Wetlands	Total	Users Accuracy		
	Water	3					1	4	75.0%		
C L	Forest		115	8	1	1		125	92.0%		
A S	Herbaceous		7	17				24	70.8%		
S F	Barren		2	1	0		1	4	0.0%		
	Urban		1	2		0		3	0.0%		
— ш с	Wetlands	1	4	1			1	7	14.3%		
	Total	4	129	29	1	1	3	136 Total Correct			
	Producers Accuracy	75.0%	89.1%	58.6%	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	Overall	81.4%		
								Карра	53.0%		

Total Points 167
Z-Statistic 10.49035011 Reject

Null hypothesis: K=0. If Z >= 1.96 then reject null hypothesis.

Summary of Accuracy Assessments using NLCD Level I Classification

SENSOR

Overall

Α

S		Kappa	70.8%	55.6%	49.2%		
S	Whole Scene	Z-Score	24.768	23.708	61.762		
Ε		Significance	Reject	Reject	Reject		
S		Overall	90.1%	81.4%	63.6%		
S		Kappa	77.1%	53.0%	32.7%		
M	Rural	Z-Score	16.630	10.490	8.202		
Е		Significance	Reject	Reject	Reject		
Ν		Overall	74.6%	62.8%	63.2%		
Т		Kappa	66.2%	50.4%	51.0%		
	Urban	Z-Score	39.768	9.265	7.900		
		Significance	Reject	Reject	Reject		
Significance at alpha = 0.05, Null hypothesis: $K=0$. If $Z >= 1.96$ then reject null hypothesis.							

Landsat 7 ETM+

79.3%

SPOT 4

68.3%

QuickBird

63.4%

Significance Reject Re

Introduction
Objectives
Methods
Results
Conclusions

- Landsat 7 ETM+ consistently was the most accurate at:
 - both levels of classification
 - over all scenes (Entire Image, Rural and Urban)
 - was more accurate in a Rural setting (90% Level
 than in an Urban environment (75% Level I)

- SPOT 4 (at all levels):
 - was more accurate in a Rural setting (81% Level I) than in an Urban environment (63% Level I)

- QuickBird was consistently the least accurate at:
 - all two levels of classification
 - over all scenes (Entire Image, Rural and Urban)
 - highest accuracy level was in a rural setting (64% Level I)

- Landsat 7 ETM+ was the most accurate due to its better spectral resolution
- Shadows on the QuickBird image decreased accuracy
- Smaller spatial resolution on QuickBird increased confusion between classes

Time for Questions?