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The East Texas Pine Plantation Research Project

Arthur Temple College of Forestry and Agriculture

Stephen F. Austin State University

Box 6109, SFA Station

Nacogdoches, TX 75962

Accomplishments as of Fall 2007

The ETPPRP is a long-term comprehensive research program investigating the factors affecting the management of loblolly and slash pine plantations in East Texas. The Arthur Temple College of Forestry and Agriculture at Stephen F. Austin State University conducts the ETPPRP in coordination with private landowners, primarily TIMOs and REITs.

Six integrated forest product companies – Temple-Inland, International Paper, Louisiana Pacific, Champion International, St. Regis Paper Co. and Owens-Illinois, Inc. -- were initial participants prior to merging with other companies and/or selling their land base in East Texas.

The ETPPRP was initiated in 1982 by Dr. J. David Lenhart. Dr. Lenhart retired in 1999, and the new supervisor of the ETPPRP is Dr. Dean W. Coble, 936-468-2179, dcoble@sfasu.edu.

Original Plots in Unmanaged Loblolly and Slash Pine Plantations

To provide data to drive the ETPPRP, a total of 256 permanent monumented plots were installed in unmanaged East Texas pine plantations between 1982-84 (175 plots in loblolly pine plantations and 81 in slash pine plantations).

As of Fall 2007, due to acts of nature and man, only 115 original plots remain (85 plots in loblolly pine and 30 in slash pine plantations). This number is decreasing rapidly because most plots are located in mature/over-mature pine plantations which are being harvested at an increasing rate. Some plots were also destroyed in 2005 by Hurricane Rita, but most attrition can be attributed to logging.

Each plot is located in a different plantation and consists of two subplots, and each subplot is 100-ft square (10,000 ft² or 0.23 acres). One subplot is being utilized for model development and the other subplot for model evaluation. A 30-foot wide buffer zone surrounds the two subplots. Therefore, each plot encompasses 51,200 ft² or 1.18 acres.

The first measurement cycle of the ETPPRP plots began in 1982 and finished in 1984. The second measurement cycle ended in 1987. The third measurement cycle ended in 1990. The fourth measurement cycle ended in 1993. The fifth measurement cycle ended in 1996. The sixth measurement cycle ended in 1999. The seventh measurement cycle ended in 2002. The eight measurement cycle ended in 2005. Currently, the ETPPRP is in the ninth measurement cycle. About 1/3 of the plots are measured each year.

Site preparation method, landform, slope and aspect have been determined for each subplot, plus soil characteristics are available. Climatic information for the East Texas area is available. Longitude and latitude coordinates are known for each plot.

All planted pines within a subplot are tagged and numbered for sequential data collection: dbh, total height, height to live crown and crown class. In addition, fusiform rust incidence and visible tree quality of the planted pines are recorded at each measurement.

During the second measurement cycle, we began collecting information on non-planted vegetation at permanent sampling points systematically located within each sub-plot. Beginning with the third measurement cycle, we began recording scenic beauty within each subplot, and for a short time during the third cycle, sample trees located in the buffer zone were felled for wood property analysis. During the sixth cycle, we discontinued the scenic beauty measurements.

New Plots in Intensively Managed Loblolly Pine Plantations

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As of Fall 2007, there are 127 new plots installed in intensively-managed loblolly pine plantations located in Texas and Louisiana. These new plots represent the first efforts of the ETPPRP to characterize intensively managed loblolly pine plantations in this region (Western Gulf Coastal Plain). In Summer 2004, 19 plots were installed in plantations owned by Temple-Inland. In Summer 2005, 50 plots were installed in plantations owned by International Paper. In Summer 2006, 30 plots were installed in plantations owned by Temple Inland. In Summer 2007, 28 plots were installed in Temple plantations, and the 19 plots installed in 2004 were remeasured. The International Paper plantations are now owned by TimberStar, and the Temple plantations are now owned by The Campbell Group. We are working with the new owners to continue measuring these new plots (and the remaining old plots). More plots will be installed in the future to fill deficiencies in the database (e.g., north-east Texas), up to a maximum of 180 plots in loblolly pine plantations.

Each new plot is located in a different plantation and is 100 by 100 foot (10,000 ft² or 0.23 acres) in size. This is the same size as the original ETPPRP subplots, but there is only one instead of two per plantation. There is no buffer surrounding the plot, as the plots are operational in nature. This means that each plot receives the same treatment as the entire plantation, unlike the original ETPPRP plots which were insulated from all subsequent management activities. Treatment history and UTM Nad83 coordinates are known for each plot. More comprehensive competition data are also collected on the new plots versus the original plots.

Graduate Students Completed and In-Progress

Doctoral

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Tang Derui

Major ProfessorDr. Lenhart.Dissertation TitleAssessing stand and environmental factors affecting quality of
planted loblolly pine trees in East Texas.CompletedDecember, 1989.

Alexandros A. Arabatzis

Major Professor	Dr. Gregoire.		
Dissertation Title	Qualitative response models theory and its application to forestry.		
Completed	January, 1990.	(Note: Was located at VPI&SU.)	

Oliver Schabenberger

Major Professor	Dr. Gregoire.	
Dissertation Title	The analysis of lo	ongitudinal ordinal data.
Completed	April, 1995.	(Note: Was located at VPI&SU.)

Young-Jin Lee

Major Professor ...Dr. Lenhart.Dissertation Title ...Yield prediction models for unthinned loblolly and slashplantations in East Texas.Completed ...May, 1998.

Masters

Jock A. Blackard	
Major Professor	Dr. Lenhart.
Thesis Title	Estimating site index and individual total tree height for loblolly
and slash pine plant	ations on non-old-fields in East Texas.
Completed	May, 1986.

Terry Hackett

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 Major Professor
 Dr. Lenhart.

 Thesis Title
 Predicting the cubic foot volume of individual slash pine trees planted on non-old-fields in East Texas.

 Completed
 May, 1987.

Charlie Laman

 Major Professor ...
 Dr. Lenhart.

 Thesis Title ...
 Predicting green weight of individual slash pine trees planted on non-old-field plantations in East Texas.

 Completed ...
 May, 1987.

Fred Burnett

 Major Professor
 Dr. Fountain.

 Thesis Title
 The role of non-planted vegetation within planted stands of loblolly and slash pine trees on non-old-field lands in East Texas.

 Completed
 August, 1987.

Pilis Malim

Major Professor ...Dr. Lenhart.Thesis Title ...Assessing stand and environmental factors affectingdiameter growth in loblolly pine plantations in East Texas.Completed ...December, 1987.

Andy Kallus

Major Professor ...Dr. Lenhart.Thesis Title ...Estimating site index for loblolly and slash pine plantationson non-old-fields in East Texas.August, 1989.

Tom Hartz.

 Major Professor ...
 Dr. Lenhart.

 Thesis Title ...
 FRMPS: A forest resource management planning simulator for East Texas pine plantations.

 Completed ...
 December, 1989.

Eric Taylor

Major Professor ... Dr. Lenhart

Thesis Title ...A product yield estimation model for loblolly and slash pineplantations in East Texas.Completed ...December, 1990.

A. Gordon Holley

 Major Professor ...
 Dr. Lenhart.

 Thesis Title ...
 Analysis of visible tree quality of planted loblolly and slash

 pines in East Texas.
 May, 1992.

Jaffirin Lapongan

Major Professor ...Dr. Lenhart.Thesis Title ...Predicting site index, diameter and survival for loblolly pineplantations in East Texas.August, 1993.

Chris Brown

Major Professor ...Dr. Reeves.Thesis Title ...Effects of climatic conditions on growth and mortality ofloblolly pine in plantations in East Texas.December, 1994.

Rob Taylor

 Major Professor ...
 Dr. Fountain.

 Thesis Title ...
 Successional trends and competition within unmanaged loblolly and slash pine plantations in East Texas.

 Completed ...
 May, 1996.

Andy Burrow

Major Professor	Dr. McTague and Dr. Coble.
Dissertation Title	Predicting Basal Area Growth and Yield of Thinned
Loblolly Pine (Pin	us taeda, L.) Plantations in the West Gulf Region.
Completed	May, 2001.

Publications

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- Lenhart, J. D., E. V. Hunt, Jr. and J. A. Blackard. 1986. Site index equations for loblolly and slash pine plantations on non-old-fields in East Texas. South. J. Appl. For. 10(2):109-112.
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- Lenhart, J. D. 1996. Total and partial stand-level yield prediction for loblolly and slash pine plantations in East Texas. South. J. Appl. For. 20(1):36-41.
- Lee, Y. J. and J. D. Lenhart. 1997. Estimating crown height for unthinned planted pines in East Texas. South. J. Appl. For. 21(3):130-133.
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Report No. 5

Estimating the cubic foot volume of individual loblolly pine trees planted in East Texas. T. J. Wiswell, J. A. Blackard and J. D. Lenhart. October, 1986. 11 p.

Report No. 6

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Report No. 7.

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Report No. 9. Estimating the green weight of individual slash pine trees planted in East Texas. C. J. Laman. October, 1986. 10 p.

Report No. 10. Estimating the dry weight of individual slash pine trees planted in East Texas. J. D. Lenhart October, 1986. 9 p.

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Report No. 19. Estimating survival for East Texas Pine Plantations. J. D. Lenhart and T. L. Hackett. February, 1988. 10 p.

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Stumpage price trends of pine sawtimber and plpwood in East Texas, update: 1977-87. J. D. Lenhart and K. T. Adair. March, 1988. 11 p.

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A FORTRAN computer program for estimating yield of East Texas pine lantations. J. D. Lenhart. April, 1988. 18 p.

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Environmental factors influencing diameter development within loblolly pine plantations in East Texas.

P. Malim. January, 1989. 11 p.

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HyperStand 1.0: A HyperCard computer program for estimating yield of East Texas Pine Plantations.

E. L. Taylor and A. G. Holley. February, 1989. 16 p.

Report No. 25.

FRMPS: A Forest Resource Management Planning Simulator for East Texas Pine Plantations. T. Hartz. January, 1990. 4 p.

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Site index equations for loblolly and slash pine plantations in East Texas.
Update: 1993.
A. B. Vaughn, J. Lapongan and J. D. Lenhart.
May, 1993. 6 p.

Report No. 28.

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Report No. 29.

Site index equations for loblolly and slash pine plantations in East Texas. Update: 1994. Members of FOR 317 class - Spring '94. April, 1994. 7 p. Report No. 30.

A guide for timing initial tree harvests in East Texas loblolly and slash pine plantations.

J. D. Lenhart and H. A. Ross. September, 1994. 19 p.

Report No. 31.

Observed growth rates of loblolly and slash pine plantations in East Texas.

H. A. Ross and J. D. Lenhart. September, 1994. 20 p.

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Trends of non-straight tree stems in loblolly and slash pine plantations in East Texas 1985-94. H. A. Ross and J. D. Lenhart. December, 1994. 14 p.

Report No. 33.

Climate and growth. C. C. Brown, H. C. Reeves and J. D. Lenhart. January, 1995. 5 p.

Report No. 34.

Influence of soil and topography features on ability of land in East Texas to grow loblolly and slash pine plantations.

H. A. Ross, A. J. Londo and J. D. Lenhart March, 1995. 12 p.

Report No. 35.

Pine and hardwood stumpage price trends for lumber/plywood ... chip-n-saw ...pulpwood timber in East Texas and Louisiana through 1994.

K. B. Scott and J. D. Lenhart. March, 1995. 4 p.

Report No. 36.

Yield prediction spreadsheets written in Lotus 1-2-3 for PCs and Excel for Macintoshes. M. McBroom and J. D. Lenhart. March, 1995. 2 p.

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Update: 1995 Members of FOR 317 class - Spring '95. April, 1995. 6 p.

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Average observed fusiform rust transition paths. O. Schabenberger, T. G. Gregoire and J. D. Lenhart. May, 1995. 5 p.

Report No. 39.

Observed average characteristics of unthinned loblolly and slash pine plantations in East Texas. K. B. Scott and J. D. Lenhart. October, 1995. 18 p.

Report No. 40.

Influence of plantation variables on crown height. Y. J. Lee and J. D. Lenhart. January, 1996. 13 p.

Report No. 41. Perils Facing ETPPRP Plots (1982-1995). J. D. Lenhart. February, 1996. 4 p.

Report No. 42. High/low counties. C. Vanderschaaf and J. D. Lenhart. April, 1996. 6 p.

Report No. 43. Site index equations for loblolly and slash pine plantations in East Texas Update: 1996. FOR 317 students - Spring '96. April, 1996. 6 p.

Report No. 44. Scenic beauty and plantation age. Y. J. Lee, H. A. Londo and J. D. Lenhart. May, 1996. 4 p.

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Loblolly pine plantations in East Texas: Thinned and unthinned - Total wood flow comparison: A simulation.

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Report No. 46. Loblolly pine plantations in East Texas Two harvest schedules No thinning & final harvest at 25 years Thin at 10 years & final harvest at 25 years Sawlog/Veneer wood comparison A simulation J. D. Lenhart and J. Allen November, 1996. 26 p.

Report No. 47. Loblolly pine plantations in East Texas Two harvest schedules No thinning & final harvest at 25 years Thin at 15 years & final harvest at 25 years Sawlog/Veneer wood comparison A simulation J. D. Lenhart and J. Allen November, 1996. 26 p.

Report No. 48. Loblolly pine plantations in East Texas Two harvest schedules No thinning & final harvest at 30 years Thin at 15 years & final harvest at 30 years Sawlog/Veneer wood comparison A simulation J. D. Lenhart and J. Allen November, 1996. 26 p. Report No. 49. Loblolly pine plantations in East Texas Two harvest schedules: No thinning & final harvest at 30 years Thin at 20 years & final harvest at 30 years Sawlog/Veneer wood comparison A simulation J. D. Lenhart and J. Allen November, 1996. 26 p.

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Report No. 54. Assessment of early estimation of site index - loblolly pine plantations in East Texas. J. D. Lenhart and J. Allen

September, 1997. 8 p.

Report No. 55.

Observed growth trends - cubic feet wood and bark total stem per acre - loblolly and slash pine plantations - East Texas.

J. D. Lenhart and J. Allen September, 1997. 8 p.

Report No. 56.

Observed growth trends - basal area per acre in square feet - loblolly and slash pine plantations. J. D. Lenhart and J. Allen September, 1997. 8 p.

Report No. 57.

Observed growth trends - quadratic mean diameter - loblolly and slash pine plantations - East Texas.

J. D. Lenhart and J. Allen September, 1997. 8 p.

Report No. 58.

Observed growth trends - average total height...ten tallest trees - loblolly and slash pine plantations - East Texas.

J. D. Lenhart and J. Allen September, 1997. 8 p.

Report No. 59.

Site index equations for loblolly and slash pine plantations in East Texas Update: 1997. FOR 317 students - Fall 1997. November, 1997. 6 p.

Report No. 60.

Observed per-acre volume growth trends for 28 individual observations of unthinned lobolly pine plantations East Texas.

A. Burrow. July, 1998. 30 p.

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Report No. 62.

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Metric volume and biomass prediction equations for loblolly and slash pine trees planted in unmanaged pine plantations in East Texas.

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